

RESEARCH MEMORANDUM

ALTITUDE PERFORMANCE OF COMPRESSOR, COMBUSTOR, AND

TURBINE COMPONENTS OF XT38-A-2 TURBOPROP ENGINE

By Frederick W. Schulze and William R. Prince

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ALTITUDE PERFORMANCE OF COMPRESSOR, COMBUSTOR, AND TURBINE

COMPONENTS OF XT38-A-2 TURBOPROP ENGINE

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SUMMARY

Performance characteristics of the compressor, combustor, and turbine operating as integral components of the XT38-A-2 turboprop engine were determined in the NACA Lewis altitude wind tunnel over a range of altitudes and flight Mach numbers corresponding to a range of compressor-inlet Reynolds number indices from 0.18 to 1.04. The engine, equipped with a standard-area exhaust nozzle, was run over a wide range of power settings with independent control of propeller and fuel flow.

The performance of the compressor and turbine is presented in conventional component maps, while combustor performance is shown as a function of various combustion parameters. Near the design flight condition of the engine (altitude, 15,000 ft; flight Mach number, 0.347) and at rated engine conditions, corrected air flow was 29.35 pounds per second, compressor pressure ratio was 6.8, compressor efficiency was 0.80, combustion efficiency was 0.99, and over-all expansion efficiency was 0.825. Up to the design flight condition, there were no Reynolds number effects on component performance at rated engine conditions. Decrease in the efficiency of the components with increase in altitude beyond 15,000 feet was appreciable and could result in serious loss in horsepower output.

INTRODUCTION

An investigation was conducted in the NACA Lewis altitude wind tunnel to determine the over-all performance, component performance, and operational characteristics of an XT38-A-2 turboprop engine. The over-all performance and operational characteristics are reported in reference 1. The performance of the components (compressor, combustor, turbine) is reported herein.

The over-all performance was investigated over a wide range of simulated flight conditions. Data were chosen for presentation in this report to demonstrate the effect of the maximum variation of Reynolds

numbers on component performance. The simulated flight conditions ranged from altitudes of 5000 to 45,000 feet at an average flight Mach number of 0.30. The engine, equipped with a standard-area exhaust nozzle, was run over a wide range of power settings by means of independent control of propeller pitch and fuel flow. The performance characteristics of the compressor and turbine components are presented in the form of conventional component performance maps. Data from these maps were used to show the effect of altitude on component performance. Combustor performance is presented as a function of various combustion parameters. A tabulation of component performance data for the range of flight conditions is also included.

APPARATUS AND INSTRUMENTATION

As shown by the views of the installation in figures 1(a) and (b), the engine was mounted on a thin wing section spanning the 20-foot-diameter test section of the wind tunnel. The length of the engine from the foremost end of the propeller shaft to the exhaust-nozzle outlet is 157 inches; the maximum diameter of the engine mount is $37\frac{1}{2}$ inches; and the specially fitted three-blade variable-pitch propeller is 13 feet in diameter. The net dry weight of the engine, including power section, gearbox, control, torquemeter, and flight frame, but without propeller, is approximately 1660 pounds. The nominal military static sea-level rating is 2520 shaft horsepower and 603 pounds of jet thrust at the rated engine speed of 14,300 rpm and turbine-inlet temperature of 2060° R. For a 100-percent-normal continuous operating condition, the turbine-inlet temperature is 1960° R. The engine was designed for operation at an altitude of 15,000 feet and a flight Mach number of 0.347.

The 19-stage axial-flow compressor (fig. 1(c)) has a rated speed of 14,300 rpm, a rotor tip diameter of 14.72 inches, a relative tip inlet Mach number of 0.755, and a hub-tip radius ratio at the first rotor of 0.498. The eight cylindrical direct-flow combustors, which utilize duplex fuel nozzles and two spark plugs, comprise a total flow area of 1.12 square feet. The four-stage turbine has a design inlet temperature of 2060° R, a nozzle flow area of 0.21 square foot, a first-stage tip diameter of 16.41 inches, and a fourth-stage tip diameter of 18.10 inches. A cross-sectional view of the engine, showing the location of these components and the instrumentation used, is given in figure 1(d). Details of the instrumentation stations are shown in the diagrams of figure 1(e).

The engine speed was measured by a stroboscopic tachometer. Engine torque was determined from an electronically measured torsional deflection of a given portion of the shaft between the power section and the reduction gearbox. The torque measurement is believed to be accurate within 20 foot-pounds.

PROCEDURE

The performance characteristics were obtained for each of the engine components operating as an integral part of the engine. Flight conditions were simulated on the basis of the compressor-inlet total pressure and temperature to eliminate the effect of inlet duct losses on engine performance. Actual engine speed was varied between about 94 and 104 percent of rated speed. At each engine speed, the turbine-inlet temperature was varied over a wide range. Tunnel-test-section velocity was set to give the desired ram pressure ratio based on compressor-inlet total pressure and free-stream static pressure. Because of the large heat load imparted by the tunnel fan. adequate refrigeration was not available to give engine-inlet temperatures of NACA standard values for each flight condition. As a result, engine-inlet temperatures were as much as 400 F higher than the desired values. Fuel used during the investigation was clear gasoline having a lower heating value of 18,925 Btu per pound and a hydrogen-carbon ratio of 0.182. Symbols and methods used to compute the component performance are presented in appendixes A and B. respectively.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Inasmuch as some deterioration in performance occurred during the course of the investigation, the time at which various parts of the data were obtained is significant. Accordingly, the engine operating time at each flight condition investigated is presented in the following table:

Engine time, hr	Turbine	Altitude, ft	Flight Mach number, M
0-20	A	Propeller vi	bration study
20-25	A	25,000	0.291
33-40	A	35,000	0.301
60-82	A	5,000	0.300
83	Turb	ine assembly	change
91-96	В	45,000	0.294
96-105	В	15,000	0.303

A propeller vibration study was made during the first 20 hours of engine operation. At the completion of the vibration study, the compressor blading was found to be slightly nicked. The nicks were honed out; and, during the next 85 hours of engine operation, steady-state data were taken with an interruption for a change in turbine assembly at an engine time of 83 hours. The component performance data are presented in table I.

Compressor Deterioration

During the initial phases of the program, a deterioration of the compressor performance was observed. As shown in figure 2, this deterioration took place during the first 20 hours of engine operation, after which there appeared to be little additional deterioration. The principal effect of the deterioration was a reduction in air flow; little variation of compressor efficiency with time was observed. The air-flow reduction was probably caused by a combination of nicked blades and dirt accumulations on the blades and passage walls, which resulted in changed aerodynamic characteristics. The air-flow reduction was reflected in reduced pressure ratio at constant corrected turbine-inlet temperature. The reduction in compressor performance during the first 20 hours of operation is in agreement with the over-all engine performance deterioration discussed in reference 1. Subsequent compressor performance results and discussion will involve only data obtained after 20 hours of engine operation.

Effect of Turbine Change

On disassembly of the engine for periodic inspection, damage of the turbine labyrinth seal necessitated a change of turbine section. Although there appeared to be no discernible deterioration of turbine performance with time, changing turbine sections had a slight effect on performance, as shown in figure 3. Turbine B exhibited expansion efficiencies $1\frac{1}{2}$ percent higher than those of turbine A. Expansion pressure ratio and gas flow remained unchanged. Because the turbine-outlet total-pressure measurements were unreliable, the pressure ratio presented here and in the performance maps was calculated by using the turbine-inlet total pressure P_A and the test-section static pressure p_O (complete expansion). An adiabatic efficiency which was calculated from this pressure ratio is designated expansion efficiency for both the turbine and exhaust-nozzle sections. The change in turbine performance shown in figure 3 resulted in improved engine performance (ref. 1). Because of this change in turbine performance, the turbine used in producing the over-all turbine operating map for each altitude and in showing the effects of altitude on turbine performance is identified in each case.

Compressor Performance

Conventional compressor performance maps are shown in figures 4(a) to (e) for each flight condition reported. Compressor stall and surge lines were not determined. At an altitude of 15,000 feet and a Mach number of 0.30, a condition near the aerodynamic design flight condition (fig. 4(b)), the compressor efficiency was 0.80 at rated engine speed and turbine-inlet temperature, while the compressor pressure ratio was 6.8 and the corrected air flow was 29.35 pounds per second.

The variation of compressor performance with altitude (Reynolds number index) is shown for several speeds and pressure ratios in figure 5. Compressor efficiencies at a corrected engine speed of 14,400 rpm exhibited a maximum drop of 4 points and corrected air flow decreased approximately 0.4 pound per second as compressor-inlet Reynolds number index was reduced from 0.86 to 0.3. For higher corrected engine speeds, variation in Reynolds number index had a smaller effect on compressor performance.

Combustor Performance

Performance of the combustor is presented in figures 6 and 7. Typical combustor plots showing the effect of altitude on efficiency and total-pressure loss ratio are shown in figure 6. The total-pressure loss through the combustor (fig. 6(a)) was from 4 to 6 percent of combustorinlet total pressure over the range of temperature ratios shown, the lower loss accompanying the higher temperature ratio. No discernible effect of pressure level or altitude was present. Failure of combustion efficiency to correlate for all altitudes on the basis of the conventional parameter $W_{a,1}T_4$ is illustrated in figure 6(b). The lack of generalization, especially at the higher altitudes, indicates a primary effect of fuelair ratio (or turbine-inlet temperature) on efficiency. Accordingly, the effect of fuel-air ratio on efficiency is presented in figure 7 for the altitudes investigated. Because there was no observed effect of engine speed on combustion efficiency, the curve for each altitude represents the average efficiency over the entire operable range of engine speeds. In addition to normal decrease in efficiency with increased altitude, there was an appreciable reduction in efficiency as fuel-air ratio was decreased, the variation becoming more pronounced at high altitudes. For example, decreasing fuel-air ratio from 0.017 to 0.009 (corresponding to a decrease in corrected turbine-inlet temperature from approx. 2400° to 1600° R) resulted in a decrease in efficiency of 0.025 at an altitude of 5000 feet, as compared with a decrease of 0.075 at an altitude of 45,000 feet. The maximum combustion efficiency was 0.99 at a fuel-air ratio of 0.017.

Turbine Performance

Conventional turbine performance maps are shown in figures 8(a) to (e). Because the absolute values of expansion efficiency are not the same as absolute values of turbine efficiency, the expansion efficiency is presented only to show the trend of the turbine performance with altitude. The accuracy of the torque measurement permits accuracies of expansion efficiency within 0.015 at the 35,000-foot altitude and within 0.030 at the 45,000-foot altitude. With turbine A, the region of maximum expansion efficiency occurred at corrected turbine speeds between 7000 and 7800 rpm, while with turbine B the best operating region shifted to

8200 rpm and above. Corrected turbine speed for rated engine conditions is about 7200 rpm. Expansion efficiency had a maximum value of 0.825 at an altitude of 5000 feet (fig. 8(a)). At a given altitude, expansion efficiency varied only about 0.015 to 0.03 over the entire operating region.

Variation of the performance of turbines A and B with turbine-inlet Reynolds number index is given in figure 9 for several speeds and pressure ratios. Corrected turbine gas flow decreased only slightly as Reynolds number index was decreased from 1.15 to 0.23. The efficiency of turbine A decreased from about 0.82 to 0.76 as Reynolds number index decreased from 1.15 to 0.43, while the efficiency of turbine B decreased from about 0.815 to 0.77 as Reynolds number index decreased from 0.89 to 0.24. These reductions in expansion efficiency with Reynolds number index are greater than observed for other turbines but do not seem unreasonable in view of the geometry of the turbine (first-stage nozzle chord dimension of approx. 0.90 in.), which results in turbine operation in an absolute Reynolds number region much below that of larger turbine engines. However, some question as to the actual magnitude of the effect of Reynolds number on the turbine performance admittedly exists because of the torquemeter inaccuracy previously mentioned and of the inability to separate the turbine performance from the exhaust-nozzle performance.

Effect of Altitude on Integrated Component Performance

The effect of altitude on the performance of the compressor, combustor, and turbine for 100-percent-normal engine power (engine speed, 14,300 rpm; turbine-inlet temperature, 1960° R) is shown in figure 10. The reduction of ambient-air temperature with an increase in altitude from sea level to 45,000 feet results in an increase in corrected engine speed at a flight Mach number of 0.30 from approximately 99 to 114 percent of rated and an increase in corrected turbine-inlet temperature from 98 to 130 percent of rated. These variations combine the effects of corrected engine speed, pressure ratio, and Reynolds number on component performance. For the stated altitude variation, corrected air flow increased about $2\frac{1}{2}$ pounds per second as a result of the corrected-speed increase. Expansion efficiency decreased 4 percentage points as altitude increased from sea level to 35,000 feet, while compressor efficiency decreased 9 percentage points. The loss of compressor and turbine efficiency (especially compressor) in a turboprop engine would result in a serious loss in shaft horsepower, as is shown in reference 1. Although an increase in altitude was previously shown to have an effect on combustion efficiency, this effect was offset by increased fuel-air-ratio operation with altitude, which had a beneficial effect on efficiency. As a result, combustion efficiency at an altitude of 45,000 feet was only 3 percentage points less than the sea-level value.

CONCLUDING REMARKS

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At altitudes below design flight condition of the XT38-A-2 turboprop engine (altitude, 15,000 ft; flight Mach number, 0.347), there were no Reynolds number effects on component performance at rated engine conditions. Above 15,000 feet, decreases in the efficiency of the components would result in serious loss in over-all engine output. Near the design point and at rated engine conditions, compressor efficiency was 0.80, pressure ratio was 6.8, and corrected air flow was 29.35 pounds per second. Operation at reduced compressor-inlet Reynolds number index resulted in the usual decrease in efficiency and corrected air flow for operation near rated corrected speed, but had a less pronounced effect on compressor performance as corrected engine speed was raised.

Combustion efficiency, which reached a maximum of 0.99, did not generalize with the conventional parameter $W_{a,1}T_4$ because of a primary effect of fuel-air ratio. The increase of combustion efficiency with fuel-air ratio was most pronounced at high altitudes. A 4- to 6-percent loss in total pressure occurred in the combustor regardless of altitude. At rated engine conditions, the original turbine had a maximum value of expansion efficiency of 0.825 at an altitude of 5000 feet and a flight Mach number of 0.30. Operation at reduced turbine-inlet Reynolds number index resulted in decreases in efficiency at all regions of operation.

Lewis Flight Propulsion Laboratory
National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics
Cleveland, Ohio, May 5, 1954

APPENDIX A

SYMBOLS

The following symbols are used in this report:

A cross-sectional area, sq ft f fuel-air ratio acceleration due to gravity, 32.2 ft/sec2 g enthalpy, Btu/lb h mechanical equivalent of heat, 778 ft-lb/Btu J Mach number . M N engine speed, rpm total pressure, lb/sq ft abs P static pressure, lb/sq ft abs р Q torque measured by torquemeter, ft-lb gas constant, 53.4 ft-lb/(lb)(OR) R total temperature, OR T adMP torquemeter-measured horsepower air flow, lb/sec Wa Wa.B air leakage from burner-dome rings and cross-over tubes, lb/sec Wa,ctl air leakage from compressor and turbine bearing labyrinth, lb/sec $\mathbf{W}_{\mathbf{f}}$ fuel flow, lb/hr W_{g} gas flow, lb/sec specific-heat correction, $\frac{1.4}{\gamma} \frac{\left(\frac{\gamma+1}{2}\right)^{\gamma-1}}{\left(\frac{1.4+1}{2}\right)^{1.4-1}}$ β

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- δ pressure-correction factor, P/2116 lb/sq ft abs
- η efficiency
- temperature-correction factor, $\frac{\left(\frac{\gamma}{\gamma+1}\right)T}{\left(\frac{1.4}{1.4+1}\right)519^{\circ}}$; at compressorinlet conditions where $\gamma = 1.4$, $\theta = T/519^{\circ}$ R
- π relative pressure function in ref. 2
- viscosity-correction factor, ratio of absolute viscosity of air to absolute viscosity of air at NACA standard sea-level temperature

Subscripts:

- a air
- b combustor
- c compressor
- g gas
- i isentropic
- t turbine and exhaust nozzle
- O tunnel test section
- l cowl inlet
- 2 compressor inlet
- 3 compressor outlet, combustor inlet
- 4 combustor outlet, turbine inlet
- 6 exhaust nozzle

The data are generalized by the following parameters:

 $\Delta h_t/\theta_4$ corrected turbine enthalpy drop, Btu/lb

 $\mathbb{N}/\sqrt{\theta_2}$ corrected engine speed, rpm

 $N/\sqrt{\theta_A}$ corrected turbine speed, rpm

 T_4/θ_2 corrected turbine-inlet total temperature, ^{O}R

Wa, 1T4 combustor flow parameter, (lb)(OR)/sec

 $\frac{W_{a,1}\sqrt{\theta_2}}{\delta_2}$ corrected compressor air flow, lb/sec

 $\frac{W_{g,4}\sqrt{\theta_4}}{\delta_4}$ β_4 corrected turbine gas flow, lb/sec

 $\frac{W_{g,4}\sqrt{\theta_4}}{\delta_4}\frac{N}{60\sqrt{\theta_4}}\beta_4$ turbine weight-flow parameter, lb-rev/sec²

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APPENDIX B

METHODS OF CALCULATION

Air flow. - Air flow was determined from pressure and temperature measurements at the cowl inlet by use of the equation

$$W_{\text{a,l}} = p_{1} A_{1} \sqrt{\frac{2g}{RT_{1}} \left(\frac{\gamma}{\gamma - 1}\right) \left(\frac{p_{1}}{p_{1}}\right)^{\frac{\gamma_{1} - 1}{\gamma_{1}}} \left(\frac{p_{1}}{p_{1}}\right)^{\frac{\gamma_{1} - 1}{\gamma_{1}}} - 1\right]}$$

The leakage from the compressor and turbine bearing labyrinth $W_{a,ct}$ was measured and found to be approximately I percent of $W_{a,l}$. Leakage from the burner-dome rings and cross-over tubes $W_{a,B}$ was assumed to be 1/4 of I percent of $W_{a,l}$. The gas flow through the turbine was

$$W_{g,4} = W_{a,1} - W_{a,ct}$$
 - 0.0025 $W_{a,1} + \frac{W_f}{3600}$

<u>Torquemeter horsepower</u>. - The torque, measured by the torquemeter, along with the measured engine speed, was used to calculate torquemeter horsepower as follows:

$$TMhp = \frac{2\pi NQ}{33.000}$$

where $\pi = 3.1416$.

Temperatures. - The arithmetic averages of the indicated temperatures at the cowl inlet and compressor outlet were accepted as the total temperatures at those stations. A standard thermocouple recovery factor of 0.85 was applied, however, to the average of the indicated temperatures at the exhaust nozzle. This latter total temperature was taken as the turbine-outlet temperature. Because thermocouples could not be relied on at the turbine inlet, use of the torquemeter horsepower was required in calculating the turbine-inlet temperature. The turbine enthalpy drop equals the sum of the compressor enthalpy rise and the enthalpy rise equivalent to the power output, as follows:

$$W_{g,4}(h_4 - h_6) = W_{a,1}(h_3 - h_1) + \frac{550}{J}$$
 (TMhp)

Then the turbine-inlet temperature can be determined from the known value of h_{4} and enthalpy charts.

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Efficiencies. - Compressor efficiency was calculated with the aid of gas tables (ref. 2) giving enthalpy and relative pressure function π as a function of temperature. The isentropic enthalpy rise was determined, since

$$\pi_3 = \frac{P_3}{P_2} \pi_1$$

from which h3.i was found, and

$$\eta_{c} = \frac{h_{3,i} - h_{1}}{h_{3} - h_{1}}$$

Combustor efficiency was calculated from known values of inlet and outlet temperatures of the combustor:

$$\eta_b = \frac{(1+f)h_{g,4} - h_{a,3}}{18,925f}$$

where $f = \frac{W_f/3600}{W_{a,l}}$ and 18,925 Btu per pound is the lower heating value of the fuel.

Expansion efficiency of the turbine and exhaust-nozzle section was determined by the equation

$$\eta_{t} = \frac{1 - \frac{\mathbb{T}_{6}}{\mathbb{T}_{4}}}{\frac{\Upsilon_{t} - 1}{\Upsilon_{t}}}$$

$$1 - \left(\frac{p_{0}}{\mathbb{F}_{4}}\right)^{\frac{\Upsilon_{t} - 1}{\Upsilon_{t}}}$$

where γ_{t} is based on the average turbine temperature and the fuel-air ratio.

Reynolds number index. - The ratio of the Reynolds number to the sea-level Reynolds number for a given compressor or turbine Mach number is herein defined as the Reynolds number index:

Reynolds number index =
$$\frac{\delta}{\phi \sqrt{\theta}}$$

S

REFERENCES

- 1. Essig, R. H., and Schulze, F. W.: Altitude Performance and Operational Characteristics of an XT38-A-2 Turboprop Engine.
 NACA RM E53L18a, 1954.
- 2. Amorosi, A.: Gas Turbine Gas Charts. Res. Memo. No. 6-44 (Navships 250-330-6), Res. Branch, Bur. Ships, Navy Dept., Dec. 1944.

TABLE I. - COMPONENT PERFORMANCE DATA

Run	Tunnel static pressure, po' 1b sq ft aba	Flight Mach number,	Engine speed, N, rpm	Engine air flow, W _{E,1} , lb/sec	Engine- inlet temperature, T ₁ , o _R	Turbine- inlet ggs temperature, T ₄ , o _R	Exhaust- gas temperature, Tg., on	Engine- inlet Reynolds number index, 62	Corrected engine apped, 8/-/82, rpm	Corrected air flow, Wa,17/82 62 lb/sec	Corrected turbina- inlet temperature, T ₂ /2, o _R	Compressor total- pressure ratio, P3/P2
	İ	<u> </u>	L	<u> </u>		Altitu	de, 5000 feet	2 1.5		<u> </u>	17	
1 2 3 4 5	1758 1757 1762 1761 1767	0.292 .297 .295 .292 .292	14,310	28.96 29.02 29.27 29.29 29.43	451 448 448 445 446	1870 2000 1750 1543 1306	1272 1358 1174 1049 900	1.060 1.065 1.070 1.075 1.070	15,355 15,385 15,440 15,455 15,440	30.61 30.59 30.67 30.70 30.81	2152 2512 2013 1799 1520	7.159 7.397 7.018 6.700 6.173
8 8 9	1761 1754 1765 1766 1765	.295 .295 .303 .290 .295	14,310	29.22 27.90 28.53 28.14 28.11	448 470 464 468 473	1420 2007 1315 1503 1655	969 1371 913 1031 1131	1.085 1.000 1.025 1.010 1.000	15,398 15,040 15,140 16,088 14,983	30.71 30.16 30.58 30.19 30.33	1645 2216 1471 1667 1816	6.396 7.162 6.015 6.351 6.584
11 12 13 14 15	1754 1755 1756 1758 1757	.295 .302 .297 .299 .298	14,894	25.59 25.57 25.58 25.02 25.02	539 542 541 542 542	1670 1520 1470 1963 1870	1163 1071 1040 1360 1300	.636 .635 .630 .637 .637	14,617 14,575 14,587 14,290 14,290	29.40 29.61 29.65 28.95 28.95	1609 1456 1411 1580 1791	6.101 5.885 5.818 6.422 6.25%
16 17 18 19 20	1759 1754 1758 1756 1756	.502 .503 .299 .290 .295	14,602 14,510	25.10 25.09 24.98 24.76 25.23	540 539 540 541 536	1773 1690 2023 1450 1593	1230 1190 1406 1037 1119	.838 .840 .838 .850 .842	14,516 14,530 14,030 14,015 14,081	28.94 29.95 28.83 28.75 28.94	1705 1828 1945 1392 1544	6.202 6.022 6.483 5.592 5.852
21 22 23 24 26	1762 1765 1761 1754 1759	.299 .303 .295 .295 .299	14,310 14,018 14,018	24.43 24.73 24.62 24.05 24.26	540 544 641 545 536	1690 1813 1950 2036 1426	1186 1268 1355 1443 1021	.839 .851 .825 .823 .645	14,030 13,977 14,015 13,680 13,784	28.14 28.49 26.44 27.95 27.92	1625 1730 1671 1955 1384	5.909 6.091 6.278 6.186 5.436
26 27 28 29 30	1757 1762 1767 1759 1757	.295 .299 .302 .302 .306	14,018	25.91 25.84 24.15 25.95 25.10	541 540 537 541 541	1573 1673 1793 1910 2033	1121 1184 1257 1358 1435	.832 .840 .842 .835 .835	15,729 15,745 15,781 15,729 15,000	27.64 27.46 27.75 27.61 26.63	1510 1609 1734 1835 1951	5.562 5.665 5.885 5.017 5.975
31 32 33 34 35	1759 1757 1756 1759 1760	.308 .305 .306 .306 .306	15,726	23.53 23.36 23.18 25.07 22.18	539 540 542 543 544	1407 1533 1700 1870 2047	1010 1093 1202 1321 1456	.841 .637 .833 .832	15,445 15,471 15,457 15,452 15,420	27.01 26.93 26.77 26.62 25.57	1355 1474 1625 1786 1951	5.143 6.342 5.560 5.755 5.727
38 37 38 39 40 41 42 45	1760 1759 1769 1762 1758 1755 1755	.306 .306 .308 .308 .312 .311 .311	15,434	22.30 22.32 22.60 23.02 21.26 21.36 21.69 21.84	543 542 542 540 544 544 542 540	1900 1758 1535 1595 2055 1747 1570 1373	1345 1250 1111 1008 1472 1256 1136	.833 .834 .635 .641 .832 .630 .635	18,121 13,147 13,147 13,171 12,636 12,636 12,661 12,686	25.71 25.75 26.04 26.38 24.49 24.67 24.97 25.14	1815 1679 1470 1339 1989 1685 1504 1320	5.872 5.982 5.156 4.836 5.524 5.144 4.974 4.711
					······································	Altitude	, 15,000 feet					
12545	1187 1184 1186 1182 1186	0.303 .302 .295 .299 .297	14,894	19.39 19.57 19.45 19.44 19.44	475 474 475 475 476	1580 1470 1580 1650 1797	948 1001 1074 1113 1218	6.680 .870 .570 .670 .670	15,564 15,579 15,564 15,564 15,548	51.04 51.07 51.25 51.28 51.24	1508 1609 1726 1903 1959	6.309 6.531 6.744 6.859 7.118
6 7 8 9	1191 1185 1187 1185 1185	.297 .306 .302 .299 .303	14,602	19.29 19.27 19.25 19.28 19.31	475 475 476 473 473	1335 1523 1620 1747 1857	915 1056 1098 1173 1261	.680 .680 .670	15,259 15,259 15,244 15,288 15,286	30.84 50.87 30.88 30.89 30.84	1456 1664 1765 1917 2037	6.142 6.535 6.728 6.958 7.158
11 12 13 14 16	1183 1179 1183 1180 1189	.311 .308 .303 .299 .297	14,602	19.08 18.89 19.05 19.25 19.22	476 475 473 471 472	1997 1577 1443 1775 1905	1356 945 989 1209 1302	.670 .670	15,244 14,954 14,965 15,026 15,011	30.72 30.39 30.52 30.65 50.68	2177 1504 1565 1956 2092	7.337 6.215 6.348 6.972 7.175
16 17 18 19	1190 1195 1186 1187 1188		14,310	18.95 19.28 18.72 18.74 18.74	475 472 473 473 474	1993 1593 1307 1455 1680	1356 1083 901 989 1145	.680 .672 .673	14,954 15,011 14,677 14,677	30.28 30.58 28.93 29.95 29.98	2177 1752 1434 1596 1839	7.257 6.581 5.928 6.249 6.645
21 22 25 24 25	1192 1187 1167 1179 1190	.299 .302 .306 .306	13,728	18.74 18.69 18.68 18.14 18.52	475 475 476 478 478	1790 1937 2020 2003 1340	1226 1327 1385 1390 625	.668 .667 .660	14,649 14,649 14,835 14,302 14,344	29.92 29.94 29.94 29.28 29.52	1952 2118 2202 2175 1464	6.765 7.007 7.151 6.975 5.803
26" 27 28 29 30	1189 1190 1187 1189 1194	.303 .303 .302 .306		18.54 18.50 18.54 18.44 18.04	477 475 478 477 477	1603 1603 1783 1850 1240	1056 1099 1210 1274 865	.671 .667 .666	14,316 14,344 14,350 14,316 14,012	29.56 29.54 29.58 29.54 26.72	1635 1751 1922 2013 1349	6.178 6.382 6.635 8.741 5.541
51 52 55 54 55	1187 1184 1188 1188 1189	.306 .306 .299 .302 .302	11	18.20 17.82 17.96 17.97 18.11	478 478 477 477 476	1360 1530 1703 1663 2037	945 1056 1173 1291 1409	.662 .665	13,998 13,998 14,012 14,012 14,025	29.17 25.64 28.83 28.82 28.98	1477 1561 1863 2027 2221	5.771 6.099 6.407 6.652 6.892
36 37 38 19 10	1185 1190 1183 1193 1189 1184	.306 .306 .306 .302 .303 .312		17.48 17.08 17.19 17.54 17.45 17.45	477 493 478 476 480 480	1223 2037 1943 1813 1800 1410	864 1425 1354 1285 1116 985	.659 .668 .672	13,707 13,629 13,694 13,720 13,668 13,668	28.06 27.37 27.68 27.98 28.01 27.99	1351 2189 2110 1977 1730 1524	5.327 6.568 6.506 6.362 6.029 5.667

5245

FOR XT38-A-2 TURBOPROP ENGINE

Compressor efficiency, n _c	Fusi- air ratio, f	Combustor total- pressure loss ratio, P3 - P4 P5	Combustor efficiency, n _b	Corrected turbins speed, K/-/F4,	Corrected turbine gas flow, ME,4-\frac{04}{54} \beta_4 \beta_4, \ldots \beta_4 \ldots \beta_4, \ldots \beta_4 \ldots \beta_4, \ldots \beta_4 \ldots \beta_4, \ldots \beta_4 \ldots \beta_4, \l	Expansion pressure ratio, P ₄ /P ₀	Turbine weight-flow parameter, $\frac{V_{g,4}\sqrt{\theta_4}}{\delta_4}\frac{60\sqrt{\theta_4}}{60\sqrt{\theta_4}}$ β_4 , $\frac{1b-rev}{sec^2}$	Corrected turbine enthalpy drop, Ah, 94, Btu/lb	Expansion efficiency, n _t	Run
			·		Altitude, 500	O feet		l		Щ.
0.7468 .7491 .7400 .7510 .7147	.0160 .0455 .9983 7392 9.391 7.500 1157 47.21 .8187 .0122 .0562 .9786 7932 9.501 7.030 1280 46.07 .8195 .0096 .0533 .9645 8383 9.134 6.735 1276 44.94 .8181									1 2 3 4 5
.7256 .7692 .7306 .7488 .7575	.0078 .0159 .0061 .0067	.0567 .0392 .0561 .0485	.9618 .9957 .9624 .9669 .9798	8726 7376 9057 6488 8098	9.151 9.292 9.062 9.066 9.167	6.412 7.310 6.050 6.408 6.680	1331 1143 1368 1283 1237	45.51 46.78 41.27 43.98 45.18	.8175 .6165 .7965 .8149 .8185	6 7 8 9 10
.7526	.0096	.0527	.9720	8396	9.062	6.135	1268	45.20	.8157	11
.7575	.0078	.0560	.9504	8787	9.002	5.918	1318	41.41	.7947	12
.7547	.0070	.0579	.9323	8929	8.974	5.825	1335	40.96	.7878	13
.7745	.0141	.0444	.9770	7609	9.156	6.530	1161	45.04	.8256	14
.7712	.0127	.0462	.9761	7792	9.189	6.345	1193	44.41	.8216	15
.7709	.0113	.0598	.9706	7992	9.129	6.212	1216	44.05	.8261	16
.7841	.0102	.0508	.9604	8185	9.098	6.095	1241	43.03	.8152	17
.8044	.0152	.0422	.9862	7350	9.193	6.610	1126	44.83	.8197	18
.7708	.0068	.0568	.9612	8636	8.991	5.590	1294	40.06	.7775	19
.7757	.0088	.0529	.9781	8248	9.107	5.890	1252	41.87	.8074	20
.7775	.0103	.0505	.9665	8017	8.998	5.968	1202	42.69	.8128	21
.7928	.0121	.0469	.9708	7748	9.114	6.190	1177	43.40	.8146	22
.7910	.0140	.0444	.9881	7480	9.101	6.373	1135	44.54	.8266	23
.8005	.0156	.0430	.9860	7174	9.340	6.300	1118	43.75	.8104	24
.7720	.0058	.0570	.9503	8522	8.961	5.445	1273	39.56	.7853	25
.7750	.0088	.0532	.9559	8131	9.054	5.610	1227	41.39	.7963	26
.7808	.0103	.0502	.9614	7897	9.107	5.720	1199	41.89	.8101	27
.7801	.0119	.0481	.9786	7631	9.211	5.968	1171	42.99	.8219	28
.7879	.0136	.0451	.9814	7405	9.214	6.118	1157	43.79	.8244	29
.7941	.0157	.0424	.9814	7032	9.231	6.100	1082	43.84	.8236	30
.7639 .7724 .7834 .7862 .7921	.0064 .0082 .0107 .0132 .0162	.0583 .0543 .0506 .0457	.9784 .9743 .9689 .9747 .9717	6405 9060 7672 7324 6861	9.072 9.065 9.109 9.165 9.249	5.170 5.388 5.633 5.860 5.863	1271 1218 1165 1119 1056	38.62 40.36 41.85 42.98 43.02	.8008 .8062 .8196 .8208	31 32 33 34 35
.7874 .8421 .7768 .7640 .7938 .7801 .7765 .7597	.0158 .0116 .0086 .0063 .0165 .0117 .0091	.0450 .0489 .0528 .0575 .0413 .0490 .0518	.9779 .9744 .9493 .9455 .9716 .9705 .9705	7112 7398 7888 8267 6698 7249 7632 8143	9.226 9.149 9.056 9.166 9.216 9.179 9.105 9.065	5.680 5.480 5.215 4.975 5.667 5.235 5.040 4.745	1094 1128 1191 1263 1029 1109 1158	42.04 41.22 39.99 57.86 42.09 40.45 39.11 36.87	.8255 .8188 .7903 .8006 .8202 .8200 .8056 .7920	36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43
					ltitude, 15,0	000 feet				
0.7245	0.0065	0.0538	0.9658	9211	8.943	6.360	1375	43.30	0.8034	1
.7318	.0079	,0499	.9544	8929	8.916	6.610	1327	44.62	.8138	2
.7366	.0095	.0465	.9522	8624	8.995	6.830	1293	45.84	.8150	5
.7409	.0104	.0451	.9669	8443	9.044	6.968	1273	46.13	.8257	4
.7493	.0126	.0431	.9691	8105	9.091	7.240	1228	46.68	.8201	5
.7449	.0059	.0558	.9995	9172	8.980	6.165	1575	42.03	.8142	6
.7447	.0087	.0487	.9633	8605	9.008	6.632	1292	44.66	.8198	7
.7546	.0102	.0455	.9574	8354	9.036	6.840	1258	45.94	.8221	8
.7581	.0119	.0434	.9933	8054	9.092	7.090	1220	46.20	.8368	9
.7629	.0136	.0416	.9767	7817	9.106	7.310	1186	46.85	.8170	10
.7651	.0158	.0593	.9725	7546	9.154	7.480	1151	47.18	.8172	11
.7544	.0070	.0528	.9670	8855	8.877	6.280	1510	42.98	.8093	12
.7616	.0078	.0504	.9620	8657	8.957	6.430	1289	43.55	.8102	13
.7716	.0126	.0425	.9729	7833	9.097	7.100	1188	45.94	.8137	14
.7705	.0145	.0403	.9737	7571	9.122	7.320	1151	45.91	.8060	15
.7762	.0160	.0391	.9683	7403	9.123	7.425	1126	47.10	.6184	16
.7553	.0099	.0463	.9645	8252	9.084	6.675	1249	45.18	.8235	17
.7543	.0059	.0545	.9753	8900	8.935	5.972	1325	41.90	.8139	16
.7640	.0081	.0500	.9589	8445	8.960	6.320	1261	44.15	.8307	19
.7777	.0114	.0443	.9618	7880	9.049	6.760	1188	45.57	.8205	20
.7851	.0129	.0415	.9730	7843	9.130	8.890	1164	45.58	.8105	21
.7857	.0150	.0399	.9863	7351	9.211	7.157	1129	45.93	.8135	22
.7856	.0163	.0390	.9829	7203	9.218	7.320	1107	45.63	.8109	23
.8026	.0164	.0386	.9714	7083	9.183	7.152	1084	46.20	.7967	24
.7725	.0065	.0546	.9723	8606	8.351	5.955	1284	42.14	.8150	25
.7875	.0091	.0474	.9430	8140	8.990	6.272	1203	45.69	.6158	26
.7875	.0104	.0446	.9603	7893	9.014	6.508	1186	44.56	.8173	27
.7921	.0127	.0411	.9682	7538	9.069	6.780	1139	45.20	.8154	28
.7925	.0139	.0410	.9762	7364	9.209	6.880	1130	45.19	.6116	29
.7722	.0052	.0560	.9786	8746	8.896	5.580	1297	40.08	.8103	30
.7793	.0058	.0528	.9806	8355	9.084	5.833	1266	41.67	.6117	31
.7935	.0096	.0467	.9418	7902	8.943	6.205	1178	43.46	.8178	32
.8024	.0120	.0425	.9630	7501	9.046	6.528	1151	44.48	.8174	33
.8051	.0144	.0399	.9665	7180	9.137	6.805	1093	44.97	.8051	34
.8061	.0167	.0382	.9929	6879	9.193	7.060	1054	45.60	.8096	35
.7726 .8168 .8120 .8198 .8101 .7927	.0051 .0171 .0155 .0139 .0107	.0566 .0379 .0384 .0404 .0444 .0511	.9822 .9755 .9859 .9610 .9531	8618 6729 6894 7119 7582 8043	8.992 9.145 9.141 9.116 9.027 9.023	5.360 6.741 6.677 6.520 6.148 5.755	1292 1026 1049 1082 1138 1210	39.35 44.61 44.40 44.50 45.20 41.55	.8015 .8054 .8070 .8040 .8082 .8131	36 37 38 39 40 41

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TABLE I. - Concluded. COMPONENT PERFORMANCE

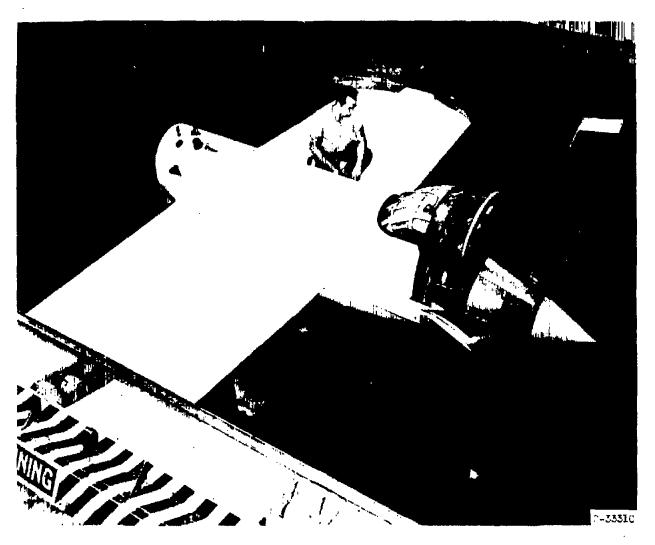
Run	Tunnel static pressure,	Flight Mach	Engine speed, N,	Engine air flow,	Engine- inlet temperature,	Turbine- inlet	Exhaust- gas temperature,	Engine- inlet Reypolds	engine	Corrected air flow,	Corrected turbine-	Compressor total-
	Po, lb	N N	rpu	10,1°	T ₁ , o _R	temperature, T ₄ , On	T _S ,	number index,	N/-√82, rpm	Wa,1 \(\frac{1}{2}, \) 1b/800	inlet temperature, T ₄ /6 ₂ , On	ratio,
								*27/V2				
1	778	0.273	14.894	15.29	441	Altitude 1829	1247	0.463	18,150	31.66	2163	7,507
2 3 4 5	774 763 781 773	.280 .267 .280 .280		13.18 13.10 13.29 13.15	442 439 440 441	1918 1472 1555 1670	1310 1018 1069 1144	.469 .471 .475 .472	18,145 16,190 18,175 18,160	31.55 31.56 31.23 31.43	2252 1740 1834 1865	7.610 6.847 6.962 7.218
6 8 9 10	768 771 780 771 773	.287 .292 .287 .299 .295	14,894 14,602	13.11 13.08 13.13 15.07 15.36	441 439 440 440 430	1720 1894 1748 1620 1478	1174 1290 1190 1104 1012	.472 .478 .480 .478 .435	16,160 15,872 15,858 15,858 16,049	31.45 31.12 30.97 31.05 31.34	2024 2239 2062 1911 1784	7.328 7.518 7.241 7.023 6.837
11 12 13 14 16	770 775 774 775 775	.302 .502 .292 .302 .297	14,602 14,310	13.08 13.19 13.10 13.19 13.07	440 432 436 436 435	1404 1975 1434 1878 1755	969 1349 991 1081 1192	.478 .489 .492 .409 .490	15,858 15,612 16,684 16,612 15,627	31.10 31.01 30.80 31.01 30.69	1656 2351 1723 1879 2004	8.562 7.596 8.615 6.867 7.205
16 17 18 19 20	770 774 770 773 780	.290 .297 .290 .302 .287	14,510 14,018	12.80 12.92 13.05 13.08 15.14	441 457 433 433 433	1928 2010 1875 1788 1647	1517 1576 1282 1221 1124	.475 .487 .488 .491 .494	15,626 15,260 15,350 15,350 15,350	30.59 30.48 30.90 30.74 30.63	2266 2387 2247 2143 1974	7.482 7.583 7.418 7.275 7.004
21 22 23 24 25	778 775 775 775 775	.295 .297 .287 .292 .297	14,018	13.10 15.08 12.87 12.67 12.70	455 434 431 436 436	1518 1585 1970 1870 1710	1040 958 1357 1264 1170	.490 .487 .490 .485 .486	15,350 15,336 15,057 14,975 14,975	30.73 30.71 30.22 29.96 28.90	1816 1857 2572 2226 2036	8.720 8.444 7.507 7.229 8.975
26 27 28 29 30 31	771 770 778 775 776 777	.299 .305 .295 .297 .296	13,726 13,434	12.68 13.69 12.53 12.57 12.56 12.45	435 435 441 435 439 437	1687 1390 1537 1693 1840 1395	1057 963 1059 1162 1266 970	.485 .485 .482 .486 .494	14,989 14,989 14,576 14,670 14,630 14,643	28.95 29.94 29.60 29.61 29.61 29.33	1854 1659 1809 2020 2181 1854	6.684 6.378 6.581 6.920 7.085 6.269
		·	·			Altitude	, 35,000 Feet					
1 2 3 4 6	488 487 484 485 488	0.505 .505 .505 .290 .303	14,894	8.42 8.42 8.39 8.39 8.44	435 435 435 433 453	1590 1770 1860 1480 1545	1100 1218 1261 1042 1070	0.310 .310 .309 .300 .311	16,264 16,264 18,264 16,309 16,309	31.42 31.36 31.50 31.55 31.57	1897 2112 2219 1774 1849	7.247 7.585 7.756 7.035 7.136
6 7 8 9	480 479 486 485 486	.306 .311 .306 .303 .295	14,602	8.25 8.35 8.40 8.27 8.38	436 436 436 437 436	1937 2030 1780 1 9 93 1520	1557 1405 1254 1173 1058	.510 .510 .511 .309 .306	15,951 15,951 15,951 15,916 16,951	31.18 51.63 31.45 31.06 31.50	2306 2417 2118 2011 1810	7.775 7.849 7.810 7.346 7.026
11 12 15 14 15	465 494 487 484 482	.308 .292 .295 .303 .308	14,310	8.28 8.27 8.16 6.14 8.10	454 444 437 457 440	2085 1445 1445 1570 1667	1451 1016 1009 1089 1180	.311 .308 .310 .308 .302	15,655 15,469 15,598 15,598 15,541	30.96 30.89 30.65 30.63 30.63	2491 1587 1714 1865 1966	7.988 6.856 6.754 6.981 1.221
16 17 18 19 20	498 480 486 487 486	.305 .306 .308 .303 .295	14,310 14,018	8.32 8.13 6.20 8.19 8.17	434 435 434 434 434	1845 1953 2103 1957 1837	1272 1550 1487 1362 1274	.312 .310 .310 .310 .311	15,655 15,627 15,336 15,336 15,336	30.96 30.76 30.57 30.53 30.64	2204 2530 2516 2541 2187	7.540 7.756 7.921 7.640 7.460
21 22 23 24 25	487 486 486 484 491	.303	14,018 13,726	8.08 8.18 8.05 7.90 8.10	452 440 435 457 455	1627 1503 1480 1700 1938	1142 1044 1025 1181 1343	.511 .308 .309 .308 .311	15,364 15,224 14,989 14,961 14,888	30.15 30.56 30.22 29.76 30.00	1954 1773 1742 2019 2306	7.069 6.722 6.643 7.035 7.478
26 27 28 29 30 31	490 487 490 489 490 493	.302 .302 .297 .302 .306 .297	13,726 13,434	8.09 7.97 7.96 7.82 7.83 7.97	435 433 435 436 436 437	2048 1899 1780 1671 1588 1455	1426 1525 1241 1168 1113 1026	.311 .308 .309 .309 .310	14,989 14,710 14,670 14,656 14,630 14,643	30.02 29.68 29.60 29.11 20.18 29.53	2444 2278 2124 1889 1682 1750	7.653 7.277 7.086 6.877 4.718 6.466
					·	Altitude	, 45,000 feet					
1 2 3 4 5	293 300 296 299 296	292 283 283 283 287	14,894	5.02 5.08 5.05 5.07 5.04	440 438 440 439 439	1940 1477 1545 1640 1755	1325 1009 1049 1114 1176	0.181 .186 .182 .185 .184	18,175 16,220 16,175 16,190 16,190	31.45 31.10 31.23 31.22 31.43	2288 1750 1820 1959 2049	7.936 7.076 7.190 7.402 7.568
6 7 8 9	296 294 293 293 298	.299 .286 .302 .266 .276	14,894 14,602	5.17 5.03 4.94 5.02 4.93	440 440 436 439 441	1850 1493 1600 1775 1847	1259 1619 1088 1217 1265	.183 .180 .180 .180 .180	16,175 15,858 15,931 15,872 15,843	31.96 31.51 30.71 31.62 30.63	2182 1761 1905 2098 2174	7.758 7.019 7.253 7.503 8.025
11 12 13 14 15	293 295 299 315 313	.276	14,602 14,310	5.02 5.04 4.98 5.04 5.05	440 437 435 440 440	1947 2047 1793 1960 2115	1336 1413 1224 1332 1462	.180 .180 .180 .180 .180	15,858 15,916 15,827 18,541 16,541	31.45 31.46 30.53 31.37 31.41	2294 2431 2139 2512 2482	7.743 7.878 7.570 7.773 8.087
16 17 18 19 20	313 315 314 313 295	.275 .278 .278	14,310	4.78 4.78 4.89 5.00 4.79	440 439 440 440 441	1863 1703 1803 1470 1640	1262 1166 1098 1011 1137	.180 .180 .190 .180 .182	15,541 15,555 15,541 15,641 15,210	30.04 30.01 30.84 31.53 28.85	2197 2013 1091 1734 1930	7.581 7.300 7.188 8.905 7.102
21 22 23 24 25	298 298 294 295 295	.299 .276 .308 .292 .276	14,018	4.95 4.79 4.93 4.92 4.93	438 441 441 442 436	1757 1843 1940 2087 1410	1193 1269 1335 1439 974	.184 .182 .182 .183 .184	15,266 15,210 16,210 15,196 15,294	30.54 29.95 30.63 30.69 30.74	2052 2169 2283 2427 1679	7.321 7.471 7.691 7.888 8.727

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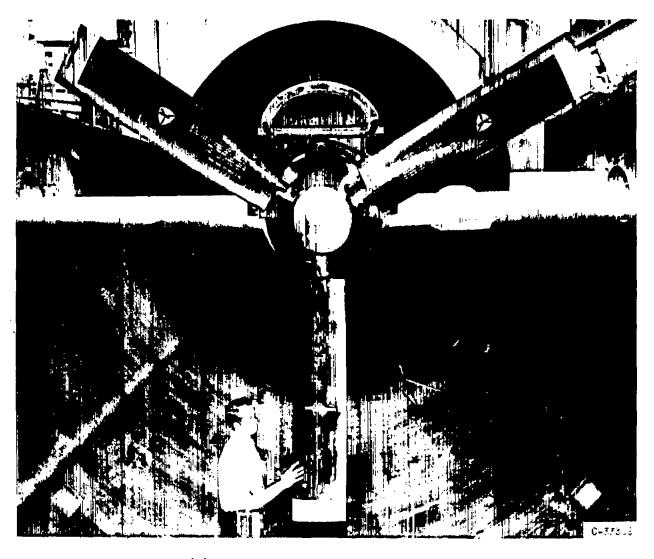
DATA FOR XT38-A-2 TURBOPROP ENGINE

Compressor efficiency, N _G	Fuel- air ratio, f	Combustor total- pressure loss ratio, P3 - P4	Combustor efficiency, N _b	Corrected turbine speed, M/-/04, rpm	Corrected turbine gas flow, wg,4-\(\sigma_4^6\) \(\begin{array}{c} \beta_4 \\ \beta_4 \end{array} \\ \beta_4 \end{array} \]	Expansion pressure ratio, P ₄ /P ₀	Turbine weight-flow pareseter, Wg,4784 80-784 1b-rev asc ²	Corrected turtine enthalpy drop, Ah. 64, Btu/15	Expansion efficiency,	Rum
ļ		L			Ltitude, 26,00				L	
0.7052	0.0132	0.438	0.9875	6033	9.180	7.560	1226	45.36 46.11	0.7965	1 2
.7019	.0145	.0436	.9894	7551	9.175	7.690	1201	46.11	.7941	2
.5884	.0084	.0515	.9423	8924	8.984	6.875	1336	43.07	.7751	5
.6881	.0095	.0482	.9528	8690	8.977	6.995	1300	43.92	.7864	6
.6892	.0111	.0482	.9640	8396	9.028	7.270	1263	45.18	.7885	5
.7019	.0119	.0457	.9604	9274	9.025	7.400	1244	45.38	.7932	6
.7015	.0143	.0436	-8847	7742	9.190	7.630	1186	45.30	.7996	7
.6983	.0122	.0467	-9745	8050	9.066	7.510	1213	45.30	.8026	8
.6956	.0108	.0485	-9486	6354	5.037	7.110	1258	44.16	.8017	9
.6790	.0086	.0510	-9499	8733	9.043	6.895	1316	44.01	.7918	10
.6827	.0074	.0555	.9475	6953	9.033	6.600	1348	42.47	.7855	11
.7093	.0156	.0417	.9924	7436	9.278	7.750	1150	46.45	.7971	12
.6661	.0081	.0531	.9472	8683	9.043	6.645	1309	42.71	.7836	13
.6910	.0100	.0496	.9580	8291	9.159	6.948	1288	44.64	.7861	14
.7663	.0124	.0453	.9885	7878	9.115	7.315	1196	46.01	.8056	15
.7170 .7296 .7291 .7278 .7218	.0150 .0164 .0142 .0131 .0113	.0422 .0412 .0433 .0444 .0484	.9793 .9885 .9999 .9678	7528 7222 7465 7643 7955	9.143 9.210 9.258 9.155 9.097	7.580 7.740 7.520 7.400 7.095	1147 1109 1152 1166 1206	48.21 46.44 46.00 45.78 45.07	.7971 .7967 .7975 .7975 .8012	16 17 18 19 20
.7135	.0094	.0495	.9567	8285	9.099	5.780	1256	43.99	.7961	21
.7100	.0076	.0535	.9476	8653	9.066	5.485	1307	42.29	.7861	22
.7397	.0181	.0414	.9849	7142	9.197	7.520	1095	46.02	.7874	23
.7421	.0145	.0427	.9854	7324	9.160	7.340	1118	45.57	.7975	24
.7374	.0123	.0445	.9679	7651	9.036	7.080	1152	45.34	.8027	25
.7322	.0101	.0484	.9354	8055	8.965	6.765	1204	44.08	.8004	26
.7280	.0079	.0538	.9404	8457	8.941	6.435	1260	42.14	.7871	27
.7601	.0103	.0478	.9360	7884	6.965	6.655	1177	43.76	.7999	28
.7831	.0126	.0445	.9515	7526	6.965	7.030	1127	44.86	.7982	29
.7656	.0145	.0427	.9796	7226	9.125	7.205	1099	45.13	.7971	30
.7400	.0081	.0542	.9348	8267	8.910	6.290	1228	41.67	.7856	31
					titude, 35,00					
0.6792	0.0108	0.0484	0.8782	8599	8.816	7.365	1263	45.65	0.7640	1
.6851	.0132	.0444	.9159	8161	8.898	7.740	1210	45.05	.7701	2
.6845	.0144	.0445	.9317	7969	8.975	7.900	1192	45.22	.7705	3
.6727	.0091	.0517	.9012	8903	8.829	7.070	1310	41.79	.7370	4
.6721	.0099	.0510	.8929	8725	6.759	7.220	1274	43.22	.7621	5
.6977 .6989 .7005 .6970 .6906	.0155 .0165 .0132 .0122 .0098	.0430 .0415 .0447 .0456	.9484 .9699 .9391 .9100 .8826	7661 7488 7979 6176 8615	9.034 9.190 9.024 8.871 8.925	7.940 8.145 7.560 7.487 7.070	1153 1146 1200 1209 1201	45.42 45.49 44.19 43.90 42.45	.7708 .7655 .7615 .7638 .7604	8 9 10
.7108	.0160	.0428	.9520	7246	9.115	8.170	1101	45.78	.7564	11
.8999	.0066	.0525	.8823	8657	6.913	6.690	1286	41.38	.7510	12
.8927	.0069	.0527	.8597	8657	8.797	6.795	1269	41.74	.7586	13
.6969	.0107	.0489	.8835	8310	6.872	7.080	1228	43.18	.7700	14
.7097	.0126	.0480	.8584	6076	6.794	7.370	1184	41.71	.7301	15
.7089	.0143	.0431	.9445	7689	9.031	7.588	1157	44.77	.7735	16
.7095	.0158	.0417	.9508	7476	9.000	7.910	1121	45.33	.7693	17
.7281	.0183	.0401	.9644	7066	9.100	8.120	1072	45.22	.7568	18
.7254	.0161	.0401	.9560	7320	9.044	7.815	1103	44.70	.7621	19
.7259	.0144	.0419	.9449	7545	9.019	7.572	1134	44.33	.7691	20
.7166	.0119	.0462	.8668	8001	8.957	7.170	1194	42.68	.7498	21
.7154	.0094	.0526	.9206	8314	6.972	6.780	1245	42.95	.7739	22
.7244	.0094	.0499	.8814	8259	8.861	6.700	1220	41.26	.7567	23
.7336	.0126	.0442	.9127	7672	8.876	7.153	1135	43.74	.7729	24
.7377	.0160	.0399	.9488	7209	9.026	7.645	1084	44.68	.7701	25
.7381 .7465 .7455 .7389 .7400	.0174 .0153 .0141 .0126 .0115	.0396 .0405 .0417 .0438 .0461 .0429	.9730 .9708 .9248 .9054 .8663 .8870	7010 7115 7341 7573 7761 6120	9.094 9.106 8.962 6.906 6.757 8.860	7.630 7.440 7.229 7.010 6.840 6.528	1180 1080 1099 1111 1062	44.85 44.05 43.81 43.20 42.38 41.10	.7650 .7692 .7688 .7671 .7632 .7568	26 27 26 29 30 31
				- 41	titude, 45,00	Coet				
0.6877 .6752 .8780 .8772 .8821	0.0155 .0030 .0099 .0115 .0125	0.0434 .0495 .0464 .0445	0.9327 .8636 .8759 .8725 .9105	7806 8909 8725 8472 8247	8.919 8.618 8.658 8.676 8.860	\$.060 7.108 7.243 7.475 7.560	1160 1280 1256 1225 1218	48.44 44.02 44.84 45.92 45.98	0.7845 .7889 .7947 .7950 .7964	1 2 5 4 5
.6852	.0142	.0364	.9229	7990	8.964	7.955	1194	46.32	.7862	6
.6823	.0091	.0477	.8280	8686	8.795	7.070	1275	44.23	.7860	7
.8648	.0109	.0460	.8862	8406	8.640	7.367	1210	45.39	.7931	8
.6888	.0129	.0452	.9405	7988	9.020	7.580	1201	45.50	.7808	8
.7194	.0145	.0441	.9121	7936	8.371	5.030	1094	45.83	.7748	10
.6905	.0159	.0461	.9259	7841	9.198	7.840	1171	46.01	.7820	11
.6896	.0174	.0448	.9384	7478	9.308	7.930	1157.	45.81	.7791	12
.7071	.0138	.0464	.9178	7790	6.715	7.830	1131	45.86	.7850	13
.7125	.0159	.0452	.9495	7465	9.161	7.875	1140	45.71	.7753	14
.7130	.0183	.0428	.9520	7198	9.152	8.220	1098	46.04	.7691	15
.7087	.0147	.0451	.8270	7648	8.742	7.660	1114	45.44	.7811	16
.6978	.0124	.0455	.3051	7990	8.646	7.350	1151	45.21	.7900	17
.7010	.0109	.0470	.8973	8229	6.755	7.205	1201	44.66	.7887	18
.7238	.0088	.0511	.3001	8578	8.897	6.910	1272	45.51	.7835	19
.7175	.0117	.0472	.3064	7974	8.710	7.165	1158	43.98	.7700	20
.7200 .7206 .7296 .7392 .7045	.0129 .0147 .0161 .0181 .0083	.0442 .0429 .0435 .0417 .0507	.9380 .9180 .9288 .9374 .6805	7753 7533 7547 7127 8599	8.863 8.771 8.953 9.032 8.719	7.445 7.535 7.855 8.020 6.733	1145 1101 1096 1075 1247	44.97 45.05 45.60 45.22 42.68	.7834 -7836 -7792 -7626 -7768	21 22 23 24 26 26



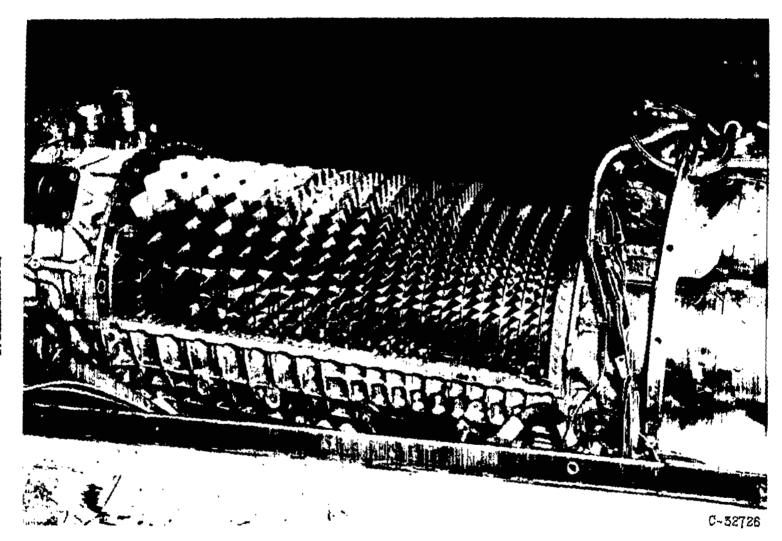
(a) Side view of engine installed in altitude wind tunnel.

Figure 1. - Installation and instrumentation of XT38-A-2 turboprop engine.



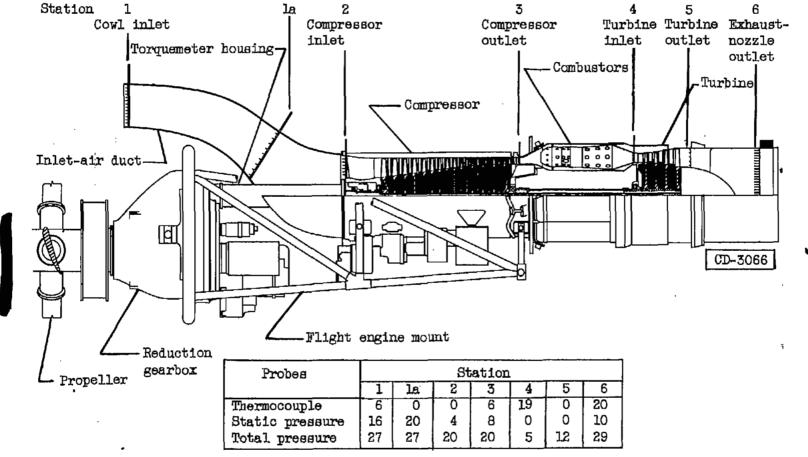
(b) Front view of engine installation.

Figure 1. - Continued. Installation and instrumentation of XT38-A-2 turboprop engine.



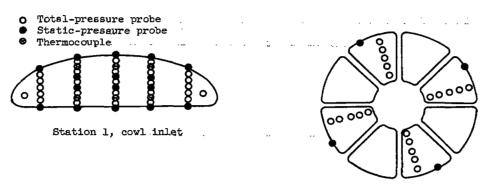
(c) Nineteen-stage axial-flow compressor.

Figure 1. - Continued. Installation and instrumentation of XT38-A-2 turboprop engine.

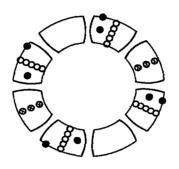


(d) Engine cross section showing instrumentation stations.

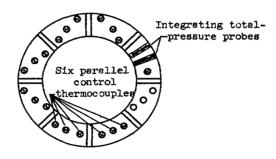
Figure 1. - Continued. Installation and instrumentation of XT38-A-2 turboprop engine.



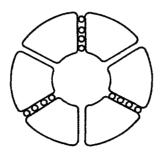
Station 2, compressor inlet



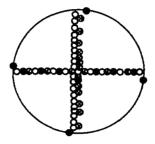
Station 3, compressor outlet



Station 4, turbine inlet



Station 5, turbine outlet



Station 6, exhaust-nozzle outlet

(e) Schematic diagrams of instrumentation stations viewed from upstream.

Figure 1. - Concluded. Installation and instrumentation of XT38-A-2 turboprop engine.

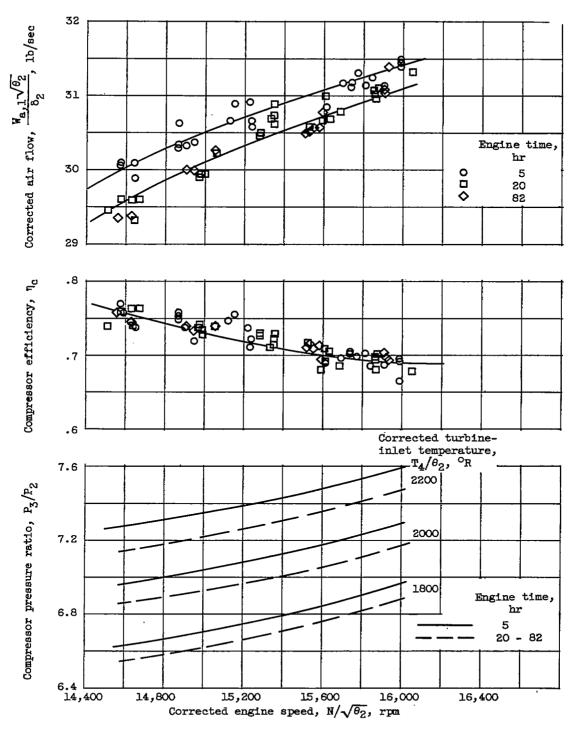


Figure 2. - Effect of engine operating time on compressor performance. Altitude, 25,000 feet; flight Mach number, 0.29.

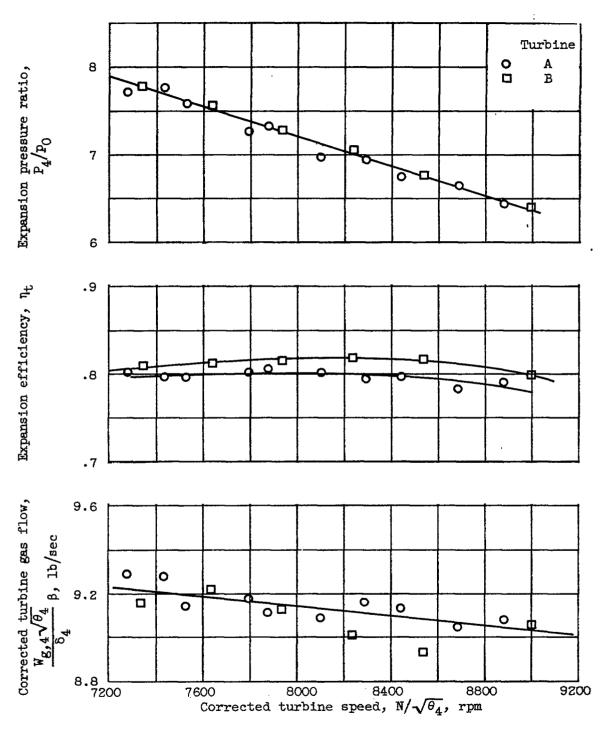
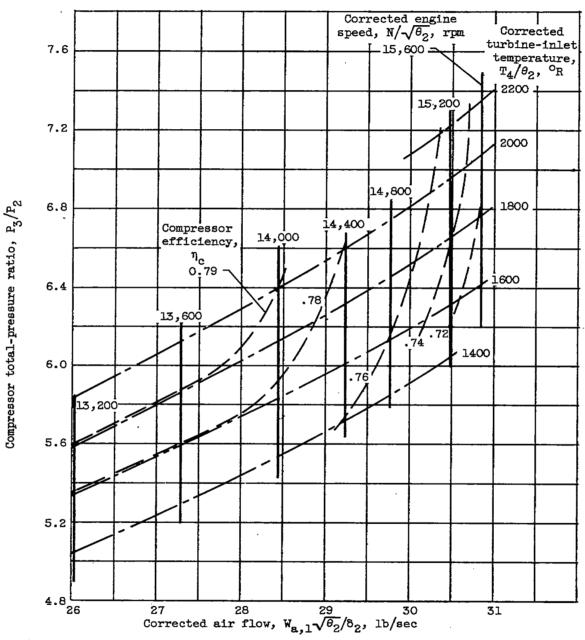
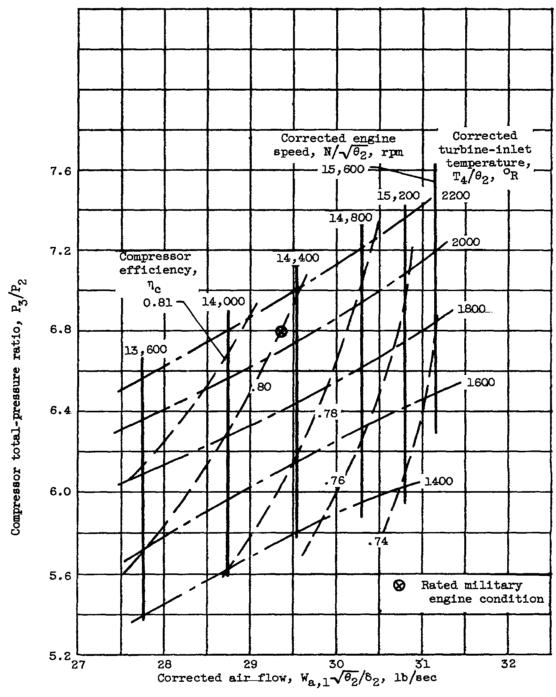


Figure 3. - Comparison of turbine performance for two similar turbines. Altitude, 25,000 feet; flight Mach number, 0.29; average corrected engine speed, 15,550 rpm.



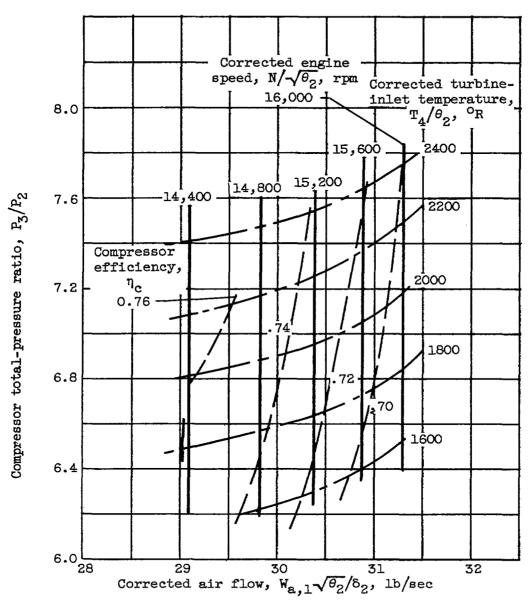
(a) Altitude, 5000 feet. Compressor-inlet Reynolds number index, 0.864 up to 15,000 rpm; 1.038 above 15,000 rpm.

Figure 4. - Compressor performance maps. Flight Mach number, 0.30.



(b) Altitude, 15,000 feet. Compressor-inlet Reynolds number index, 0.670.

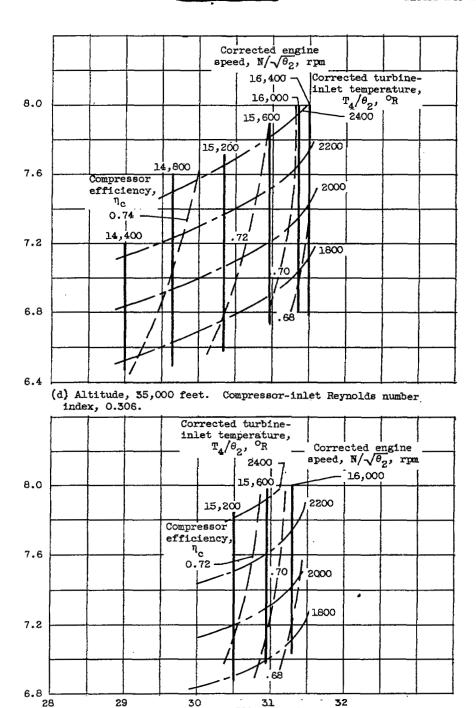
Figure 4. - Continued. Compressor performance maps. Flight Mach number, 0.30.



(c) Altitude, 25,000 feet. Compressor-inlet Reynolds number index, 0.482.

Figure 4. - Continued. Compressor performance maps. Flight Mach number, 0.30.





(e) Altitude, 45,000 feet. Compressor-inlet Reynolds number index, 0.182.

Corrected air flow, $W_{a,1}\sqrt{\theta_2}/\delta_2$, lb/sec

Figure 4. - Concluded. Compressor performance maps. Flight Mach number, 0.30.

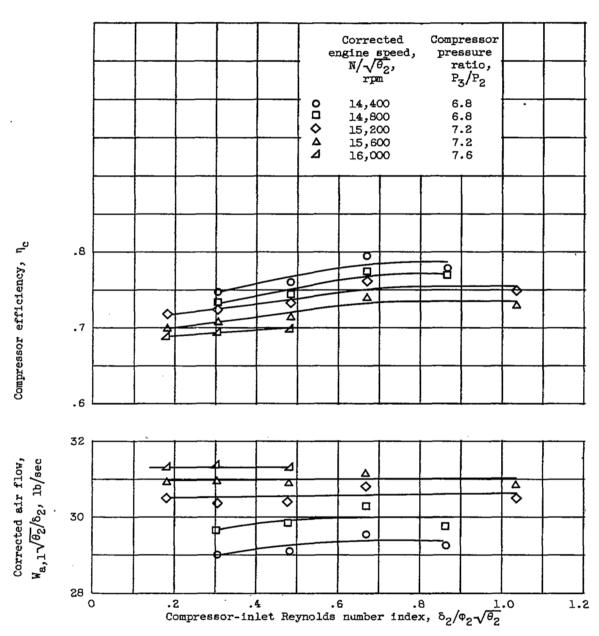
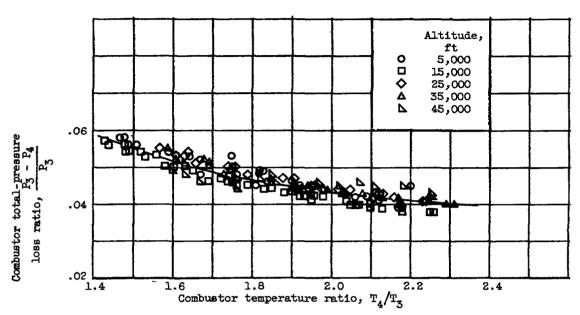


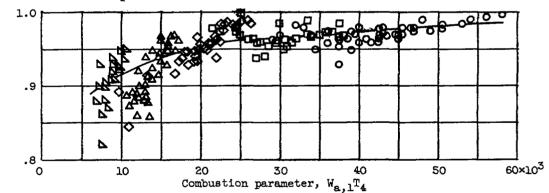
Figure 5. - Effect of Reynolds number index on compressor performance.

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Combustion efficiency,



(a) Variation of combustor total-pressure loss ratio with combustor temperature ratio.



(b) Variation of combustion efficiency with combustion parameter $W_{a,1}T_{4}$

Figure 6. - Typical combustor plots showing effect of altitude. Flight Mach number, 0.30.

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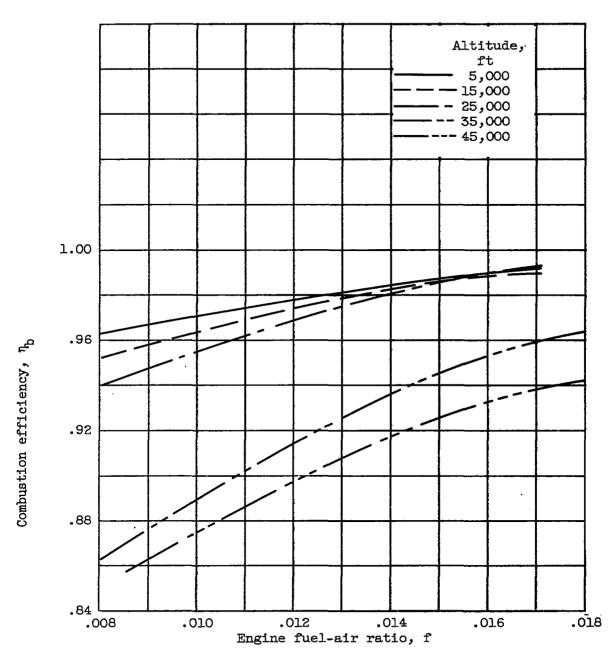
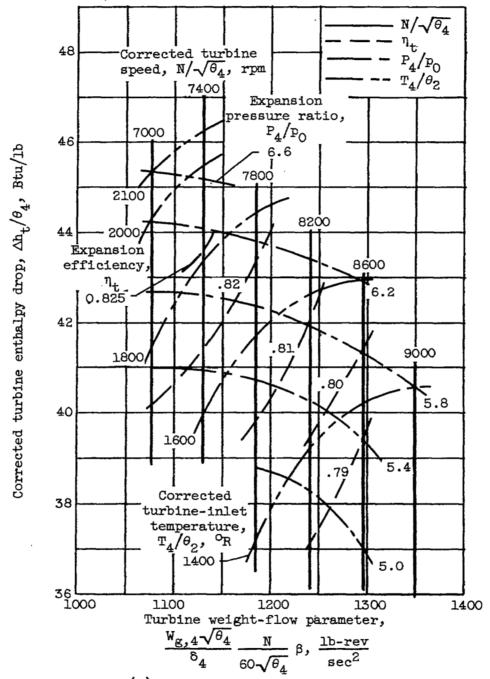
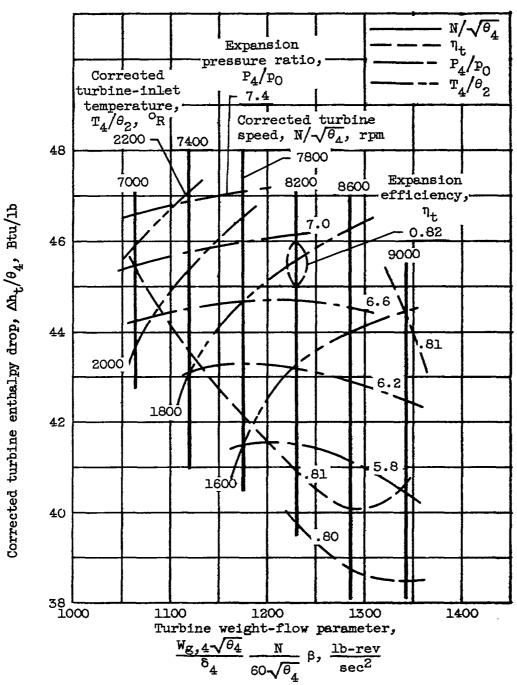


Figure 7. - Effect of fuel-air ratio on combustion efficiency for several altitudes. Flight Mach number, 0.30.



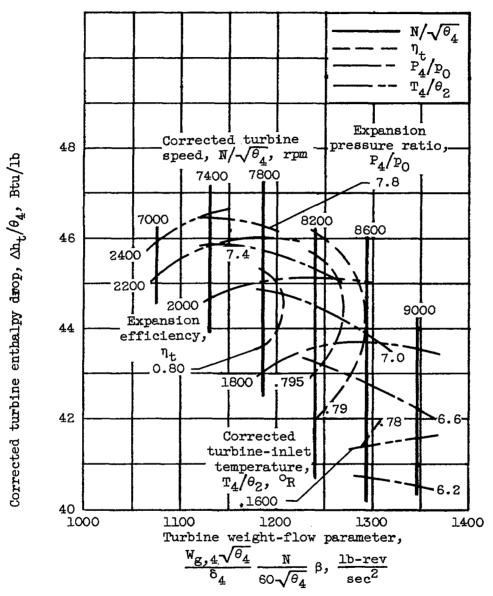
(a) Altitude, 5000 feet; turbine A.

Figure 8. - Turbine performance maps. Flight Mach number, 0.30.



(b) Altitude, 15,000 feet; turbine B.

Figure 8. - Continued. Turbine performance maps. Flight Mach number, 0.30.



(c) Altitude, 25,000 feet; turbine A.

Figure 8. - Continued. Turbine performance maps. Flight Mach number, 0.30.

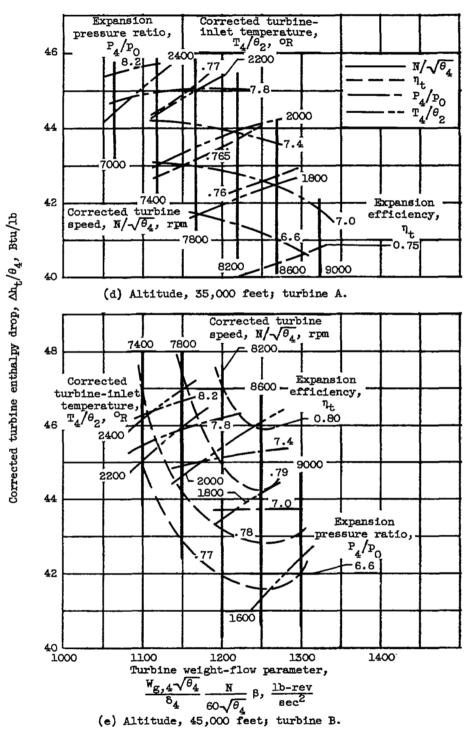


Figure 8. - Concluded. Turbine performance maps. Flight Mach number, 0.30.

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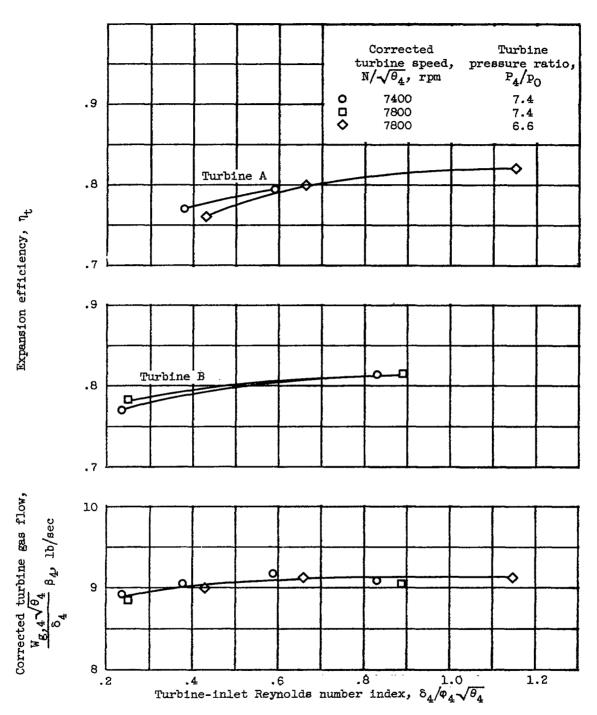


Figure 9. - Effect of Reynolds number index on turbine performance.

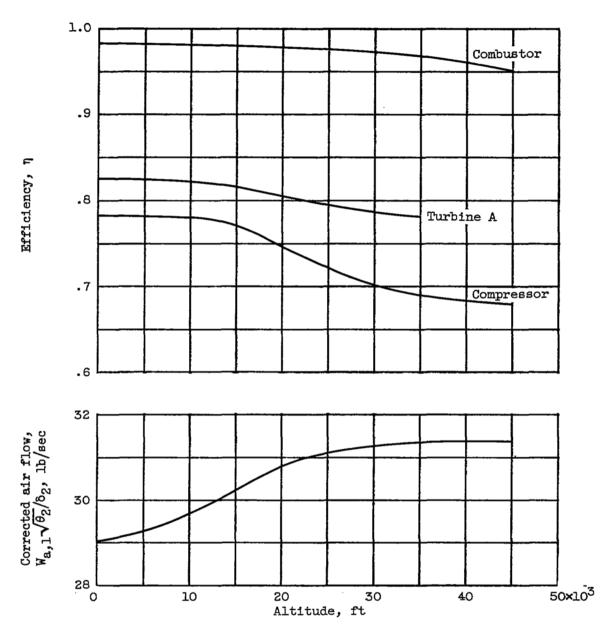


Figure 10. - Effect of altitude on compressor, combustor, and turbine performance. Flight Mach number, 0.30. Normal (continuous) power condition: engine speed, 14,300 rpm; turbine-inlet temperature, 1960° R.

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